

the Rucker Family Society

NEWSLETTER

Volume 6

Number 3

September 1995

WILLARD RUCKER AND "CHIPS, THE WAR DOG"

by Michael P. Rucker

"Don't shoot that dog. He saved my life." Those desperate words were spoken by Jesse Willard Rucker as a soldier aimed his rifle at a wounded dog during the intense campaign for Sicily during World War II. As a result of Willard's plea, a valiant sentry dog survived to become the subject of the movie, Chips, The War Dog.

Here is the story: Willard (William Columbus Rucker, Isaac, James Pascal, James, _____) was inducted into the U. S. Army in April 1941, seven months before the United States was thrust into World War II. After basic training in California, he was assigned to the historic and highly decorated 3rd Infantry Division. According to Willard, "We had been training for a theoretical war against a theoretical enemy [and were] as surprised and stunned as the rest of the western world when Japan staged a surprise attack on Pearl Harbor . . ."

After basic training, Willard was sent to mess school near Lynchburg, Virginia, before being assigned overseas. "I know my Rucker ancestors came from the Lynchburg area, but I can't make the exact connection," ** Willard reports. Meanwhile another recruit was undergoing training at another army facility in Virginia, the K-9 Corps School in Front Royal. Willard and Chips, a German shepherd, were assigned to the same unit and were to become close buddies.

When they got to the war zone, Chips turned out to be extremely brave, but not very well disciplined. In other words, while on guard duty he would get excited and bark. However, during engagement with the enemy he would attack bravely. During the fierce campaign for Sicily, Chips single handedly attacked a German pillbox. According to Willard, "Chips caused the Germans so much confusion the Yanks were able to capture the position." During his attack the Germans thrust a machine gun barrel at Chips. The brave dog took the hot gun barrel in his mouth and was badly burned, but in the process saved the lives of a number of G.I.s.

Because of his severely burned mouth and head the soldiers were prepared to kill him, but someone who knew of Willard's fondness for Chips said, "Don't kill that dog. Send him back to Rucker in the mess tent. He'll show that dog some Southern hospitality." For the next year or so, Willard and Chips were inseparable as he nursed the heroic canine back to health. "We dodged enemy gunfire together a number of times," Willard recalls.

One day Mess Sergeant Rucker and Chips were riding on the back of a truck together. The truck was towing a trailer. An overhead electrical wire fell across the truck and was dragging Willard

off. The trailer wheels would probably have killed him. Chips leaped to the rescue, grabbing the wire in his teeth saving Willard, but falling out of the truck into the path of the trailer wheels himself. The trailer ran over Chips hind legs, critically injuring him. The truck driver assessed Chip's condition and aimed his rifle at him. Willard intervened just in the nick of time to save the life of the dog that had just moments before saved his own life. Again Willard nursed the valiant animal back to health.

General Eisenhower learned of Chips's heroic deeds and visited him to present an award for bravery. The general had Chips's exploits recorded, which led eventually to his commemorative movie.

Willard had his own share of war injuries. The most severe occurred in France when he engaged a booby trap. Shrapnel tore through every part of his body and maimed him for life. He received the Purple Heart Award for his injuries.

The majority of the men of the 3rd did not fare as well as Willard. Willard was one of only eleven men in his unit who made it all the way through the entire war. In fact, nearly 1800 men were assigned to the 187 man company during the war, almost a 1000% turnover.

Willard fought from the opening of the war to the end. He was discharged on August 23, 1945, in St. Louis. He returned his hometown of Malvern, Arkansas, and worked as a meat cutter for Kroger and Independent Grocers until his retirement in 1979.

He was introduced to his wife to be, Juanita Tomlin, by a cousin in a restaurant in Malvern. "She has wonderful blue eyes. Most Ruckers seem to have brown eyes, so I decided to marry a beautiful girl with big blue eyes," Willard says enthu-

siastically. "I couldn't have done any better."

Willard and Juanita have three children. Jesse Wayne, born January 1, 1947, is a pharmacist and part owner of a drug store. Ronald Joseph, born December 21, 1948, is an operating room nurse. Daughter Jane Ann, born August 23, 1950, is a real estate agent, but is currently selling automobiles. The Ruckers have seven grandchildren.

"Life has been good to me," Willard claims. "Considering World War II, I'm just lucky to be here."

And, Chips? "I lost track of Chips near the end of the war," he sadly reports. "I last saw him as I was boarding a landing craft for the southern invasion of France. I couldn't take him along. He couldn't fight anymore. He was just a shell of his old self. Chips was assigned to a man named John Rowel. I would love to locate John, so I could find out what happened to Chips."

** Willard Rucker is unable to precisely trace his Rucker ancestors. He knows his great-grandfather, James, came to Arkansas from Rutherford County, Tennessee, but does not know the name of the ancestor who came from the Lynchburg area to Tennessee (probably, James' father). Any help for Willard would be appreciated. He may be contacted at his home: 26 Hall Street, Malvern, AR 72104, (501) 337-7689.

Note from Mike Rucker: "I called Blockbuster Video to ask if they had 'Chips, the War Dog.'" "Of course, it's a Walt Disney Family Classic!" Mike recommends "Chips" to anyone who likes Disney films.

ELLEN RUCKER THEISZ**Source of Misinformation Used by Edythe Whitley**

A letter from Mrs. Ellen Rucker Theisz, dated March 2, 1922, to Mrs. G. W. Rucker, Greenfield, OH, seems to be source of Edythe Whitley's mistakes about the early generations on the family. She communicated with Sudie Rucker Wood, see p.69 & 106. She also communicated with Whitley, but is not mentioned in Whitley's book.

Ellen Theisz is listed in Wood, p.109, dau. of Benjamin⁵ Jennings Rucker (Isaac⁴, Ambrose³, John², Peter¹). She was born 28 Apr 1842, so wasn't too far removed from the early Ruckers. She did research in the courthouse records, but did have some mis-information that was copied by Whitley and carried to the present day by her readers. I feel the letter is interesting enough to print parts of it.

Col. Ambrose Rucker "was the son of John Rucker who came to Virginia with the Huguenots, about 700 of them in the year of 1700. They embarked in four ships at Gravesend England. The vessel in which John Rucker sailed was wrecked in Jamestown Bay off the coast of Virginia and John Rucker floated for three days on pieces of the wreckage before being picked up by a passing vessel. This is the tradition handed down by all Johns' descendants. You will find an account of the shipwreck in 'Huguenots Emigration and Settlement,' by J. A. Brock. One Peter Rucker, a French Huguenot, was naturalized in 1704. This was taken from the 'Legislative Journals of the Council of Colonial Virginia,' Vol. 1, p.390 and 'Journals of the House of Burgesses,' p.47-48.

"As all Huguenots had been naturalized in 1702 by proclamation it has been conjectured that John Rucker and perhaps Thomas Rucker a son of Peter Rucker who came with the body of Huguenots in 1700, later

brought the rest of the family after 1702 and before 1704. The fact that we find both John and Thomas taking up patents of land which they could not do at that time unless they had brought over other settlers or done something else for the Commonwealth. At the date no settler could take up over fifty acres, though he could buy one hundred acres, unless he had earned the privilege of taking a larger patent which seems to prove the truth of the conjecture that Thomas and John had brought over Peter's family and perhaps a few others who were naturalized at same date as Peter."

Mrs. Theisz told about the Ruckers arriving in 1700 with 700 Huguenots. She does NOT say that John brought over 700 people. This was a misconception by Edythe Whitley who obviously never looked up the source referred to by Mrs. Theisz. See Rucker Family Society Newsletter, Vol. 3, No. 1, p. 8, where referral is made to the Brock book.

Anyone that thinks about it for five minutes can figure that John and Thomas Rucker did not bring 700 people to this county in four ships. A person was awarded 50 acres for every passage paid. Multiply 50 by 700 and that would have been 35,000 acres of land. The Ruckers would have been the wealthiest settlers in Virginia. All Peter Rucker had was 56 acres which may have been the land he received for paying his own passage.

Peter Rucker is thought to have arrived in America in 1700. The land that Thomas and John patented in the area that is today Madison County was done at a much later date. John Rucker patented 977 acres of land, Aug. 17, 1726/7

(Land Grant, Vol. 13, p. 161, in Spotsylvania Co., VA). Thomas Rucker patented 876 acres of land, 19 Jun 1730 (Land Grant, Vol 13, p.458, Spotsylvania Co., VA). This was 26-30 years after Peter Rucker had immigrated. At that time all a settler had to do, to patent land in the frontier lands, was to plant three acres, build a lean-to, OR graze a few cows. The government encouraged people to settle in the then frontier of Virginia.

Mrs. Theisz also said John Rucker's wife was Susannah Phillips. Another unproved rumor printed by Edythe Whitley.

I find it very interesting and am glad to know the source of Whitley's mistakes. Whitley was a young amateur genealogist when she wrote her book and accepted information at face value. She was about 25 to 27 years old and had three young children. She worked full time during the day and went to the Library of Congress at night for research. She made many mistakes because of her youth and immaturity. Whitley later admitted that she was wrong in her early information, and, even though she lived 62 years after she wrote her book, she never did anything to correct it.

The problem: I am now having great difficulty trying to set the record straight. Years ago, people copied from Whitley without citing their source. Later a grandchild comes across their papers and want to believe their grandparents had the correct information.

If anyone has any questions, please write to the Editor: Jean B. Robinson, 304 Charmian Road, Richmond, VA 23226, (804) 358-3185.

No material in this newsletter may be reprinted without express written permission of the Editor.

"A BAG OF GOLD"

PETER RUCKER'S ARRIVAL -- A NEW STORY CAN YOU TOP THIS ONE?

Peter Rucker's arrival stories are getting better and better. The following story is from Mrs. A. G. Barnett Jr. (Wood, p.121), age 83 (in 1934), of Ripley, MS, (from a letter of Elizabeth Smith Wilson, dated 24 Aug 1934, Rucker papers, Vol. 8, Franklin, TN, Library):

"The first Rucker to come to America swam the ocean with a bag of gold on his back. It was very true that they were very wealthy in the old days.

"Abbott Rucker who married Emiline Prince [Wood, p.122] was wealthy and his wife had so many servants and carriages that she never touched her feet to the ground or did a thing for herself."

I'm sure she meant that Peter Rucker swam from the proverbial sinking ship to land. If he had had a bag of gold, he could have purchased his own ship and a mansion upon his arrival. Dream on!

NOTE FROM THE EDITOR

My husband, Chuck, and I spent three weeks researching in Missouri this summer. On the way back, having heard the Rucker papers were now available at the Franklin, TN, library, we made a detour there. We found many interesting papers and discoveries. I will share them with you from time to time. Included in this issue of the newsletter is an article about Forrest Rucker and the story of Peter Rucker's "bag of gold."

FORREST [GUMP] RUCKER

Did you see the movie Forrest Gump? It was a heart-warming story of a man willing to help others. Well I want you to meet another such man, Forrest Rucker. An article appeared about Rucker (probably from a Charleston, WV, newspaper (no date), titled: "Rucker Really Realizes Repair, Renovate, Remove." Rucker, age 50, was the mayor of Clendenin, a small Kanawha County town of 1,690 persons. He didn't sit behind his desk with his feet up, but spent his time painting flag poles, curbs and crosswalks; spreading salt and shoveling snow; or repairing broken sewers or pipes. Rucker was proud of his hometown and spent his time doing what was necessary. He explained that "these odd jobs don't bother me. The town's short of money and labor and who should be more willing to get the work done than the mayor?"

Rucker was paid \$42.00 a month and often returned this money to the town treasury. His regular job was at the Union Carbide Corp. plant at South Charleston, where he had worked for 29 years. When it snowed, he took a day of vacation and shoveled snow on the town's busiest streets. One time he complained of missing the Super Bowl because of shoveling snow.

Forrest Rucker had also been a justice of the peace and town constable. When necessary, he took on the roles of police officer and fire chief.

The town hired a professional carpenter to help renovate town hall. "It was great working with an expert," Rucker said. "If I had tried it alone, the town hall would have come out looking like that leaning tower in Italy."

Rucker and his wife Juanita, have two children, a son Robert and a married daughter Phyllis.

If anyone knows the identify of Forrest Rucker, please notify the Editor. The article was sent to

Edythe Whitley by Mary Jo Sampson and is in Rucker file, Vol 2B, at the Franklin, TN, library.

**THE MARRIAGE OF
MARGARET "CLAIRE" HUBBARD
AND**

ROGER LAFAYETTE ("JACK") MANN III

took place Saturday June 3, 1995, in Atlanta, Georgia. Jack is the son of Mary Warren Collier and the late Roger L. Mann Jr. of Greenville, SC. Jack, great-grandson of Sudie Rucker Wood, attended the 1988 Rucker Reunion in Ruckersville, VA, with his parents and sister, Beth.

Claire is a graduate of the University of Georgia, 1987, and received a master's degree in early childhood education from West Georgia College, 1993. She is a third grade teacher with the Gwinnett County Schools.

Jack is a 1985 graduate of the University of North Carolina with a degree in industrial relations. He is employed in sales with the Tom James Co., in Atlanta.

We wish the newly-weds much happiness and hope they will join us at our 1996 Rucker Reunion in Atlanta, GA.

IN MEMORIAM

CHLOE RUCKER, age 85, died July 3, 1995, at Albany, Missouri, health-care center. She was born April 27, 1910, in Patonsburg, MO. She married George W. Rucker on July 7, 1929, in Albany. He died in 1988. Her step-son Max died in 1976. The article said she was survived by four grandchildren which, I assume, were children of Max. She was buried at Fairview Cemetery, McFall, MO. She was a member of the First Baptist Church in Albany. (Submitted by Mary Holstine, Forrest City, MO.)

IN MEMORIAM, continued

CASS RUCKER, born June 24, 1908, died July 26, 1995, Bay City, Texas. Cass was the subject of our Family Profile (See RFSN, Vol. 5, No. 1, March 1994).

#####

The following obituaries were submitted by Laurie Sutherland Giudice of Forest, VA, from the News and Advance, Lynchburg, VA.

INEZ HARRISON RUCKER, age 79 of Salina, Kansas, died at home, September 5, 1994. She was the widow of Charles B. Rucker. Born in Lynchburg, June 4, 1915, she was the retired office manager for Salina Van and Storage Co. She was a member of Encore and Y-Warriors Stock Club and Rivermont Avenue Baptist Church, Lynchburg. Her survivors include son Charles E. Rucker of Salina, KS; and daughter Cheryl Alsop of Torrance, CA; one grandchild and one great-grandchild. A grandson, Scott Rucker, had previously died. Burial was at Spring Hill Cemetery, Lynchburg.

ELMER RUCKER, formerly of Amherst, VA, died April 26, 1995, in Brooklyn, NY. He was predeceased by his wife, Laura L. Rucker. Elmer was born in Amherst County, son of the late Ora and Radford Rucker Sr. His children are Angelita J. Rucker, Willie C. Rucker Sr., and Steven R. Rucker, all of New York. Three sisters survive, Mrs. Lucille R. Crawford (husband, William), Mrs. Noreen R. Hughes, and Walker Rucker, all of Amherst, also four grandchildren. He was preceded in death by a son, three sisters and a brother. The funeral was held at St. Mark's Baptist Church in Amherst, with burial in the Rucker family Cemetery.

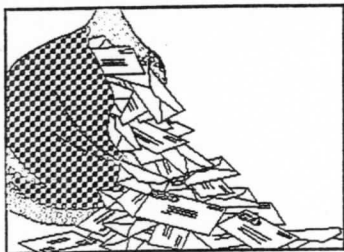
LAURIE RUCKER WHEELER, age 95, died March 13, 1995, at Camelot Hall Nursing Home. She was the wife of the late Jesse Leonard Wheeler. Laurie, daughter of the late Milton Metaux Rucker (see Wood, p.147) and Kate Flagg, was born November 3, 1899, Campbell Co., VA. She received her teaching certificate from Farmville Normal School, now Longwood College. She was a member of Bethany United Methodist Church in Rustburg. She is survived by a son and his wife, Col. Jesse L. Wheeler Jr. and Margaret T. of Springfield; a granddaughter, Beverly G. Wheeler of Cincinnati, OH; a grandson, Courtney B. Wheeler and his wife Margaret R. and two great-grandchildren, Bryan and Kathleen Wheeler. She was buried at Fort Hill Memorial Park, Lynchburg.

FRANCES H. THOMAS, age 82, of Route 3, Monroe, VA, died April 12, 1995, in Virginia Baptist Hospital. Her first husband was the late Ray Stinnett and she is survived by her second husband, Carl C. Thomas Sr., of Monroe. Frances was born February 21, 1913, in Bath Co., VA, daughter of the late Paul Gay Hodge and Audrey Rucker. She is survived by three sons, Earl R. Stinnett of Lynchburg, Dr. Eddie W. Stinnett of Annandale, VA, and Dr. Rodney G. Stinnett of Elizabethtown, NC; one daughter, Audrey S. Frazier of Lynch Station; and one step-son and three step-daughters; seven grandchildren and one great-grandchild. She was a member of The First Assembly of God. She was buried at Fort Hill Memorial Park in Lynchburg.

#####

Our sympathies are extended to the families of the deceased.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS



CORRECTION to RFSN, Vol. 6, No. 1, p. 8: Child 6, Elias Rucker was married 2nd to Susan Justice, not Jane Hunt. Many thanks to Georgetta R. Orndorff, Sandusky, OH, for bringing this to my attention and finding his second set of children.

6. Elias⁶ B. Rucker (Lemuel⁵, Ambrose⁴, Lemuel³, James², Peter¹), twin to Silas, b. 14 Sep 1840, Monroe Co., OH, d. 16 Feb 1906, Lawrence Co., OH (tombstone); m. 1st 31 Jul 1861, Lawrence Co., OH, to Margaret Webb, b. 22 Mar 1836, d. 13 Oct 1892 (tombstone); m. 2nd Susan Justice. By the 1910 census, Susan had married James Ward.

Issue by 1st wife (all b. Lawrence Co., OH):

1. Sarah⁷ J. Rucker, b. 1862, d. 1927 (tombstone); m. _____ Noble.
2. Estel⁷ Rucker, b. @1866.
3. Martha⁷ R. Rucker, b. 28 Feb 1868.
4. Albert⁷ Rucker, b. 14 Oct 1871; m. Cynthia Catherine Bruce.
5. Mary⁷ Rucker, b. @1876.
6. Lemuel⁷ Rucker, b. @1877.
7. Nancy⁷ Rucker, b. @1879.

Issue by 2nd wife (Courthouse records show that Elias and wife, Susan Justice had the following children):

8. Ethel⁷ Rucker, b. 28 Dec 1897
9. William⁷ Rucker, b. 13 Jun 1900, d. 15 Mar 1967, OH.
10. Ellen⁷ Rucker, b. 2 Feb 1904

(Source: Marriage records; census records; courthouse records; cemetery records; info from Marilyn L. Elliott and Georgetta R. Orndorff.)

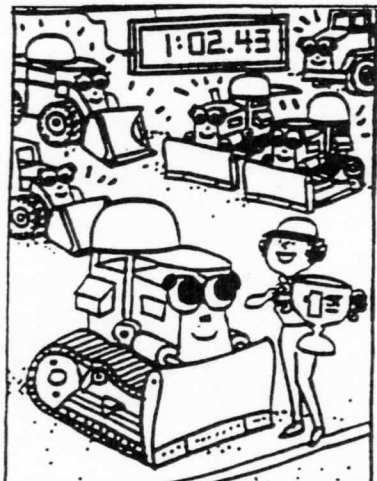
QUERY OF THE QUARTER: Who is Admiral Colby Rucker of Annapolis, MD? Does anyone know him or his children? He had, in his home, an original painting of Eleanor Warren Rucker, wife of John³ Rucker (John², Peter¹). This portrait is probably the oldest known one of a Rucker. A copy of it was sent to Mrs. B. Wallace Rucker of Seattle, WA, in 1969. If anyone knows of the whereabouts of this portrait, or its owner, please contact the Editor.

I MARRIED THE VEEP is the name of the book written by Jane Rucker Barkley after the death of her husband, Alben W. Barkley, the former Vice-President of the United States under Truman. Jane was the subject of a "Query of the Quarter," that was answered by Ambrose S. Rucker Jr., see RFSN, Vol. 2, No. 2, May 1991, p.8. Ambrose and Jane were reared in the same hometown of Keytesville, MO. Jane, listed in Wood's book, p.86, was the daughter of Roy W. Rucker. Her congressman grandfather, mentioned in her book, was not her biological grandfather, James⁸ Thomas Rucker, but her great-uncle, William⁸ Waller Rucker, who, being childless, adopted Jane's father. The book is a wonderful love story, and even though Jane presents herself as "Cinderella" being pursued by the Vice-President, we know Jane came from a very fine Rucker family.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

LETTER FROM PEGGY PROUSE, Rt. 1, Box 37, Anthony, KS 67003: Our annual local Rucker Reunion will be October 21st, 1995, in Anthony, Kansas. This mostly involves the family of Hammon⁶ Ellis Rucker (James⁵ Robert, Joshua⁴ Carter, Joshua³, William², Peter¹) and his wife, Ella May McGrew (my grandparents). Descendants of Hammon's brother, Thomas Carter Rucker, attend as well. We meet at the First National Bank Hospitality Room in Anthony. The group begins to gather at 10:30 a.m. and a covered dish meal begins at noon. We are an informal group and spend the day visiting. We would be pleased to have any Ruckers come and join us. Please write for directions or call (316) 842-5608.

FURTHER ADVENTURE OF TERRY THE TRACTOR: Michael P. Rucker's third book about Terry the Tractor, called "Terry the Athlete," will be off the press within several weeks. It is about doing one's best and the importance of sportmanship. I know those of you who have gotten Mike's books in the past will want to add this one to your collection. Mike will send each member a notice and order form. Or contact Mike at 1003 W. Centennial Drive, Peoria, IL 61614, (309) 692-0620.



TERRY
THE
ATHLETE

WARNING!

OLD FILM CAN BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH

There is a potential firebomb in your house! Fire marshalls across the country have been alerted.

Between 1889 and the mid-1950s all film contained nitric acid. This means ALL FILM -- negatives, slides, and home movies. With age, this film will self-combust, especially in attics and basements.

What can you do about this very real danger? You can have each piece of film tested or do it yourself with a special "pen" from an archival products company. Your best bet with old film, however, is to have new copies made on modern film. Then the old film should be destroyed carefully because nitric acid fumes are highly toxic.

As an example of what could happen, that 1890 census was destroyed by a fire caused by such old film. The National Archives now stores its old film in steel drums immersed in water.

Don't let old film destroy your treasures, your house and even yourself. Take care of this hazard today.

From the Virginia DAR News Bulletin.

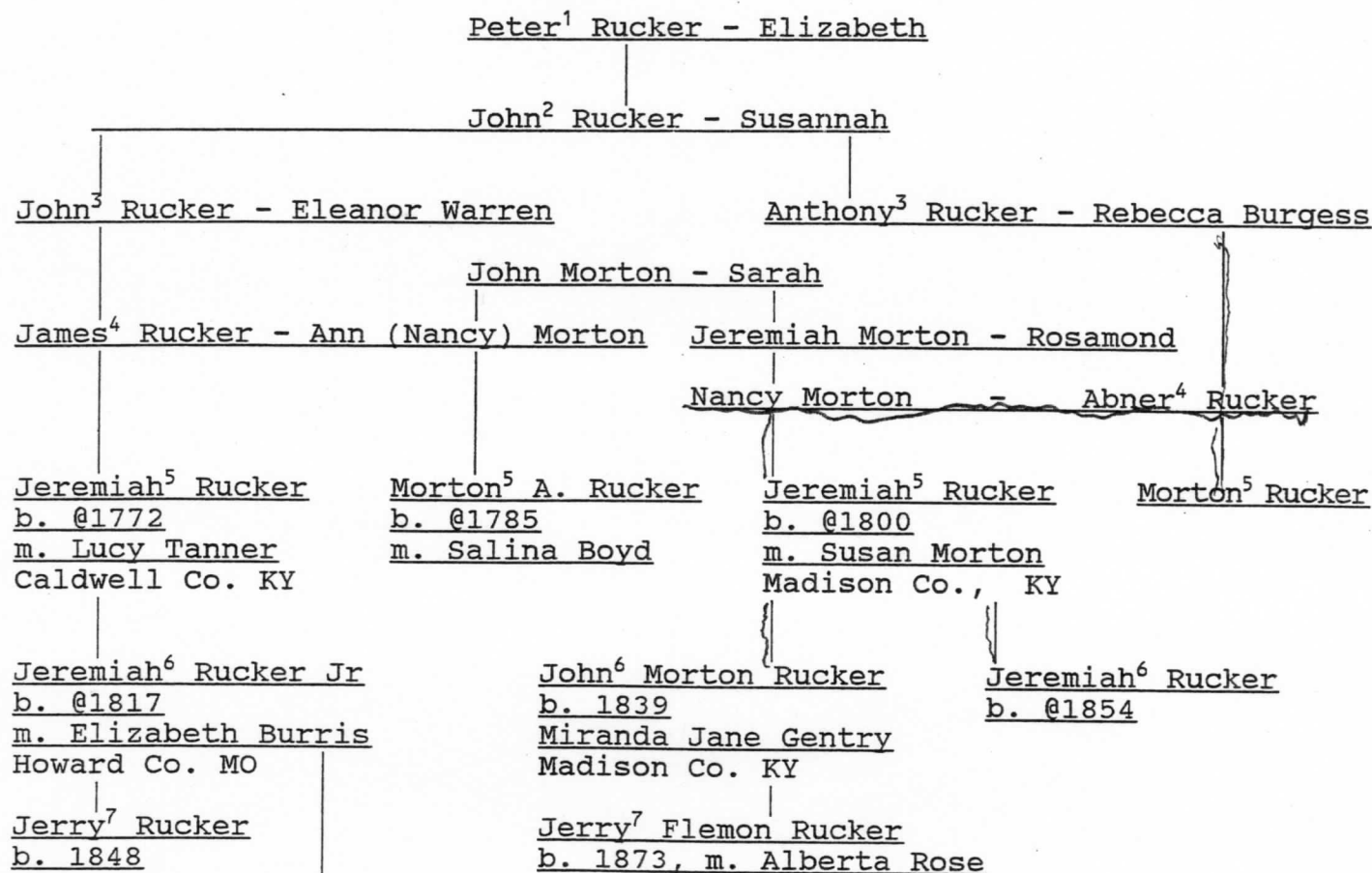
FROM THE EDITOR: Many thanks for all the information that you have submitted for publication. Please keep sending your family stories, War Veterans' stories, 50th wedding anniversaries, obituaries, and other items that are of interest to the membership. Family profile suggestions are especially welcome. Send to Jean B. Robinson, 304 Charmian Road, Richmond, VA, 23226-1705.

JEANNIE - ALOGY **TWO JEREMIAH RUCKERS**

The two Jeremiah Ruckers, Wood, p.157, and p.18, have been identified with the help of a descendant of each line, Kathleen Geist, of West Point, PA, and Wilma Yablonski of Fairfield, OH. Without the help and research of both ladies, I would never have identified the two Jeremiahs.

Neither Wood nor Whitley had any information about the two namesakes of Jeremiah Morton. Both Jeremiahs lived in Kentucky, one in Caldwell Co. and the other in Madison Co. The one in Caldwell moved to Howard Co., MO. I have made the following chart for you to see what I am describing.

One note: Phoebe³ Rucker (John², Peter¹) married James Morton. I think James was the brother of John, see Wood, p.236. If anyone has any information about James and Phoebe who moved to Woodford Co., KY, along with other Ruckers and Mortons, please contact the Editor. If there is anyone in Kentucky who can research the Mortons, it would be greatly appreciated.



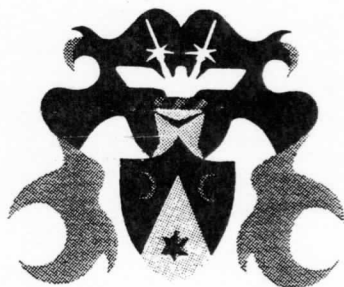
Line of Kathleen Geist

Line of Wilma Yablonski

MEMBERSHIP DUES are \$7.00 per year and include a quarterly newsletter. Reprint of Sudie Rucker Wood's Rucker Family Genealogy Paperback copy, a reprint--not an update, cost \$20.00, postage included. Please make check out to The Rucker Society and mail to "Jack" -- Mr. Lewis M. White, Treasurer, 9751 Firth Court, Vienna, VA 22181.

NEXT RUCKER REUNION: Will be held in Atlanta, Georgia, Saturday, October 5 and Sunday, October 6, 1996. Plans are to stay at the Holiday Inn, at Roswell, a few miles south of Crabapple, home of Simeon⁴ Bluford Rucker (George³, Thomas², Peter¹). We will have a Saturday morning meeting and luncheon banquet at the Holiday Inn. There will be an afternoon session for persons interested in learning more about the Rucker family, the PAF computer program, genealogy, and for visiting with cousins and new found friends. Others are free to shop, sightsee, explore, nap, or visit the antique shops in Crabapple. On Sunday we will gather in Crabapple where the local Ruckers will host a covered dish lunch. Mark your calendars now and plan to come to Atlanta in 1996. The Olympics will be over by then.

FAMILY PROFILE, Willard Rucker and "Chips, The War Dog" - p.29
 ELLEN RUCKER THEISZ, source of Whitley's misinformation - p.31
 "A BAG OF GOLD," a new story about Peter Ruckers arrival - p.32
 FORREST [GUMP] RUCKER - p.33
 IN MEMORIAM - p.33-34
 QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS - p.35
 JEANNIE - ALOGY - p.37



FIRST CLASS MAIL

THE RUCKER FAMILY SOCIETY

Jean B. Robinson, Editor
 304 Charmian Road
 Richmond, VA 23226

ADDRESS CORRECTION REQUESTED

95 176
 Mrs. Alice J. Rucker
 13331 Gridley St.
 Sylmar, CA 91342

